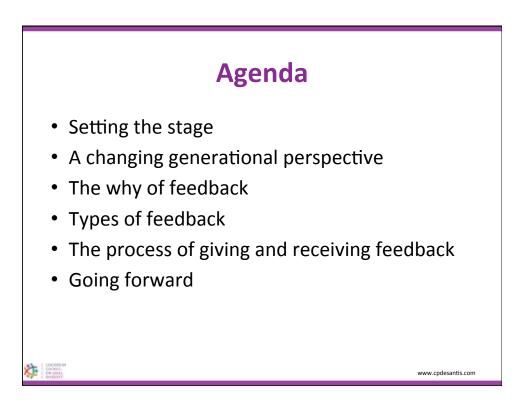
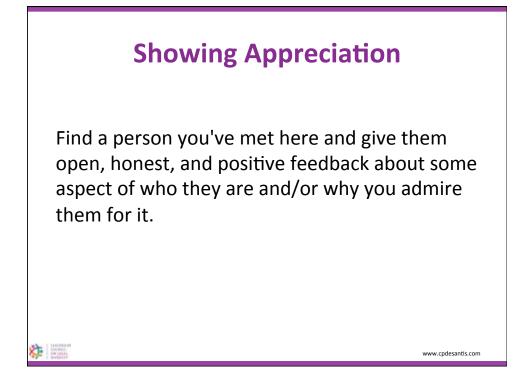
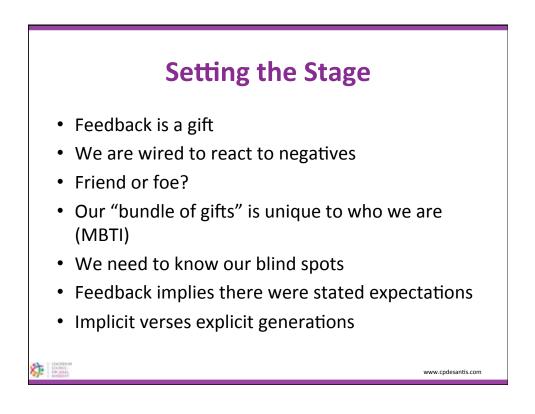


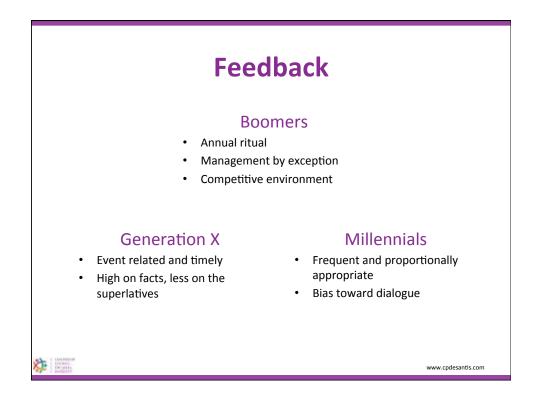
The Secret to Succeeding with and Through Others

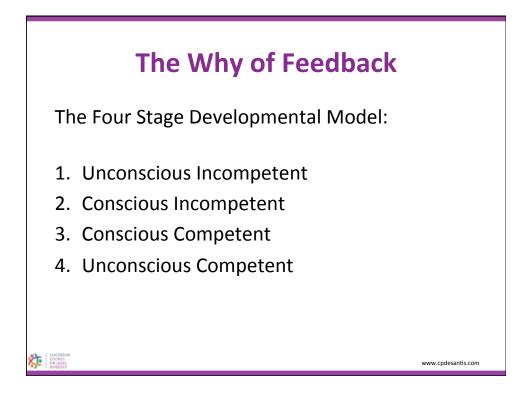
Go beyond being competent, be brilliant in setting expectations and subsequently providing spectacular appropriate developmental feedback. It is absent, opaque, or generalized in our work lives but addictive when done well.

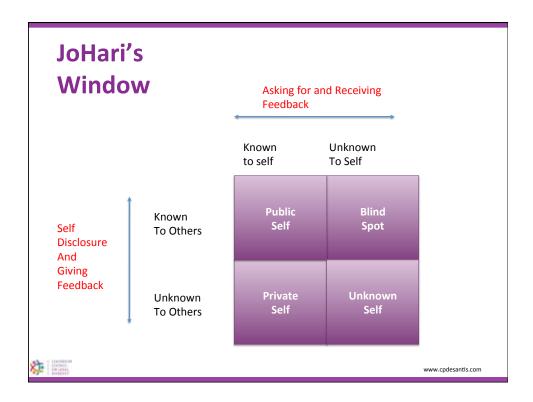






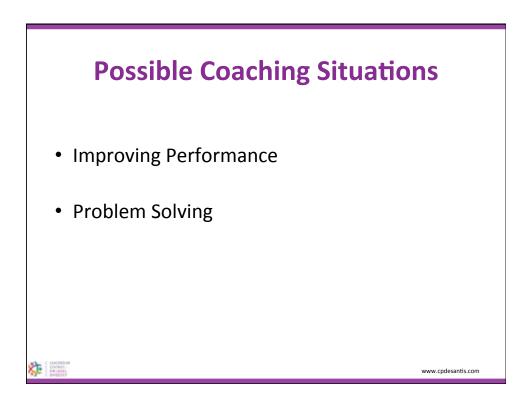


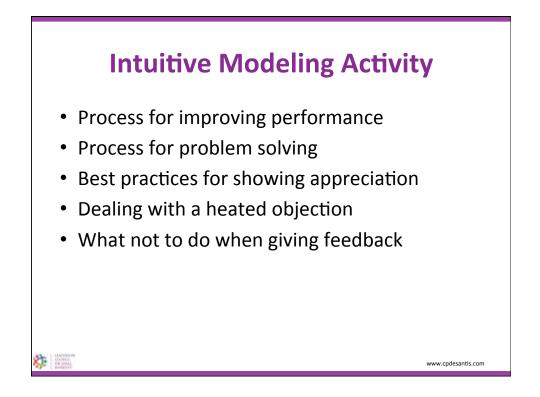


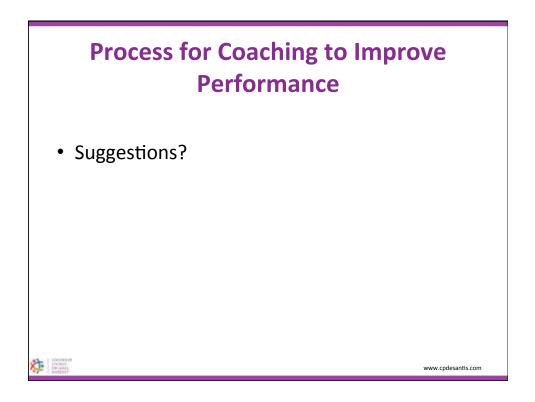








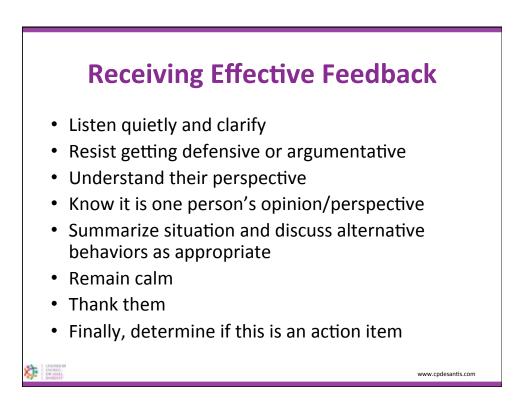




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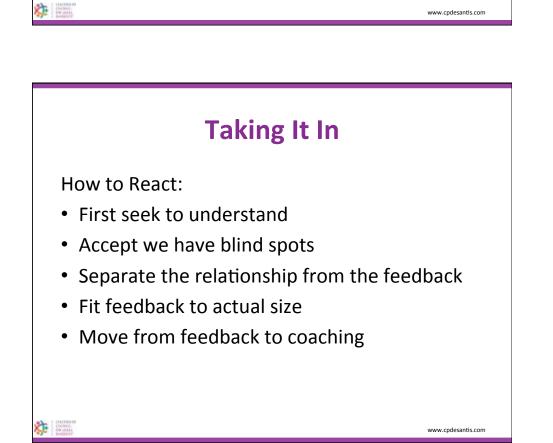
Process for Coaching to Improve Performance

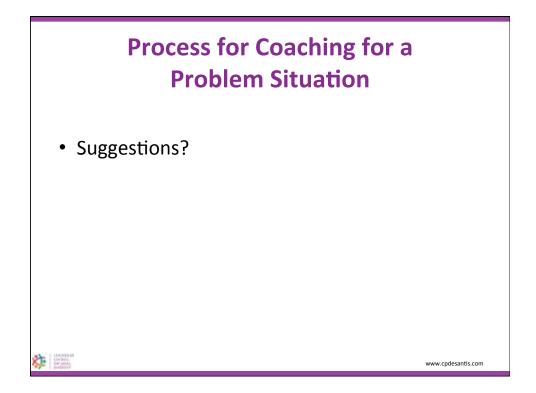
- Do your homework
- Introduce the issue
- Ask for input
- Agree on the situation
- Discuss root causes for performance
- Develop a specific plan
- Agree on a follow-up

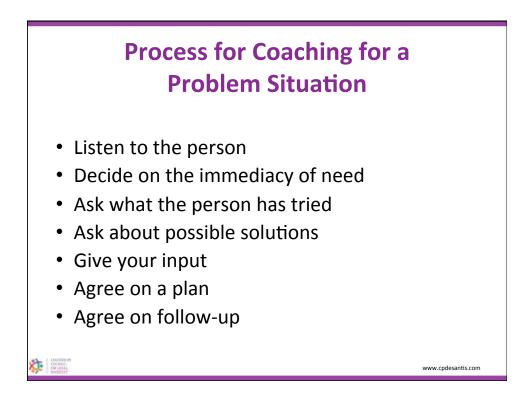


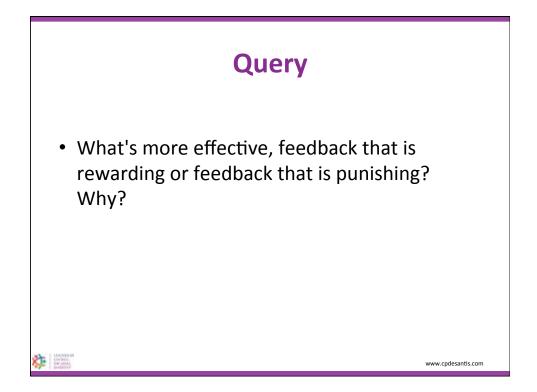


- Notice your emotions
- Use pauses and allow time to reflect
- Challenge as appropriate
- Stay focused on the topic
- Summarize periodically
- Have the other person review next steps/ commitments





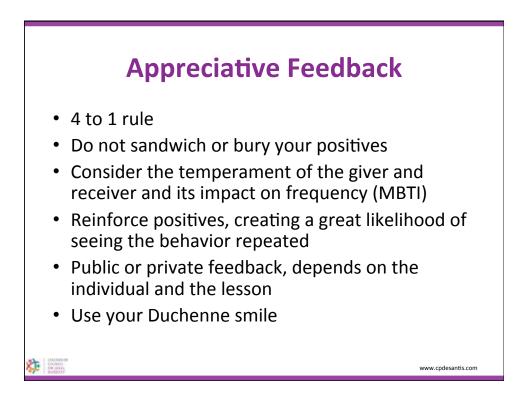


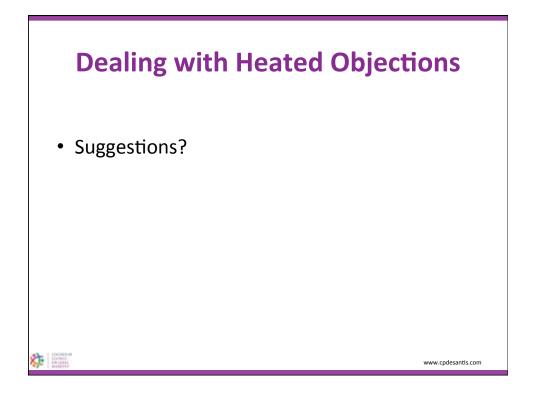


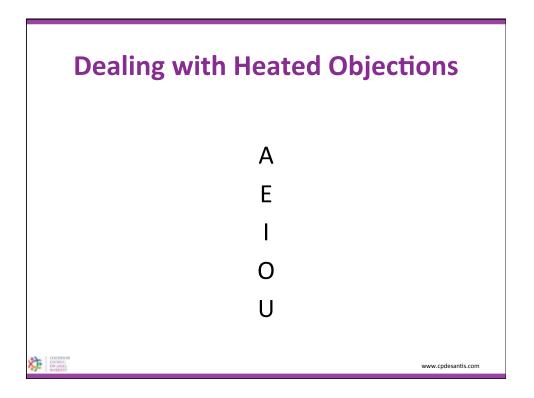
Process for Coaching for Career Development

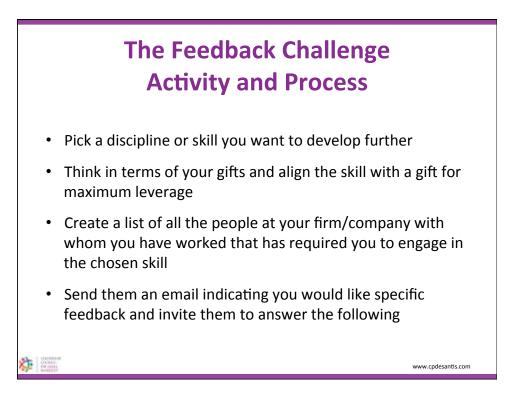
- Introduce the issue
- Understand the issue from the employee's point of view
- Define the employee's ideal situation
- Discuss opportunities and limitations
- Determine options
- Agree on a plan
- Agree on a follow-up













Relative to this skill:

- What do I need to start doing?
- What do I need to stop doing?
- What would you have done differently?
- What did I miss?
- What do I need to continue doing?



14

The Feedback Challenge Activity and Process

- Collect the feedback
- Synthesize it and look for patterns
- Send a thank you and a statement of what you will be attempting to do differently going forward
- Ask them to hold you to it
- A year later repeat with another skill development request

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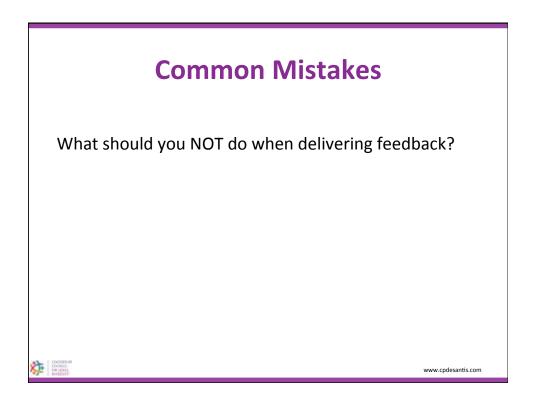
Giving Effective Feedback

- Timely
- Balanced across performance
- Accurate, specific, and relevant
- Tied to performance issues
- Use "I" statements
- Ask for their perspective, don't interrupt
- Stay focused on one issue at a time
- Keep personality and motive out of it, discuss observable behaviors
- Do not get defensive
- Discuss the importance attached to the feedback



15

	Significant Conversations
•	Name the issue clearly and succinctly Find the core issue if there are several.
•	Give a brief, specific example that illustrates the issue
•	Describe your emotions related to the issue Find the right feeling word (e.g. frustrated, worried, concerned, angry).
•	Clarify what is at stake If nothing is done, what happens? What is at stake for the individual, for you, for others, for the organization?
•	Identify your contribution to the problem What have you done (or not done) to cause or influence the behavior with which you are unhappy (e.g., not bringing this up sooner)?
•	Indicate your wish to resolve the issue
•	Invite a response Focus on understanding the other person's point of view.
•	Throughout be calm, matter-of-fact, to the point. Write and rehearse the 60-second introduction prior to meeting with the individual. Keep in mind the purpose of the conversation is to resolve the issue effectively and to maintain or improve the relationship.
Susa	in Scott, "Fierce Conversations"
	www.cpdesantis.cc



Common Mistakes

- Giving feedback when upset or emotional
- Blaming
- Interpreting or making assumptions about motives
- Getting into their head
- Being too gentle or not direct
- Labeling without explaining what you mean

When Writing Feedback

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- Choose your words carefully
- Be aware of the emotional impact of the feedback
- Don't back away from (or "sugar-coat") a tough message
- Write the feedback in a way that demonstrates it is for the receiver's benefit
- Provide specific, objective observations about events
- Write a very clear, concise, and meaningful message
- Be fair with all of your feedback and beware the "halo effect"

